

**Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO16111****Specification****Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB, IHC, IF, ICC       |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P42765</a> |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Isotype           | IgG                    |
| Reactivity        | Rat, Human, Mouse      |
| Clonality         | Monoclonal             |
| Format            | Liquid                 |

**Description**

Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10449

**Other Names**

3-ketoacyl-CoA thiolase, mitochondrial, 2.3.1.16, Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, 2.3.1.9, Acetyl-CoA acyltransferase, Acyl-CoA hydrolase, mitochondrial, 3.1.2.-, 3.1.2.1, 3.1.2.2, Beta-ketothiolase, Mitochondrial 3-oxoacyl-CoA thiolase, T1, ACAA2

**Calculated MW**

42 kDa KDa

**Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human ACAA2

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

## Name ACAA2

### Function

In the production of energy from fats, this is one of the enzymes that catalyzes the last step of the mitochondrial beta- oxidation pathway, an aerobic process breaking down fatty acids into acetyl-CoA (Probable). Using free coenzyme A/CoA, catalyzes the thiolitic cleavage of medium- to long-chain unbranched 3-oxoacyl-CoAs into acetyl-CoA and a fatty acyl-CoA shortened by two carbon atoms (Probable). Also catalyzes the condensation of two acetyl-CoA molecules into acetoacetyl-CoA and could be involved in the production of ketone bodies (Probable). Also displays hydrolase activity on various fatty acyl-CoAs (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25478839" target="\_blank">25478839</a>). Thereby, could be responsible for the production of acetate in a side reaction to beta-oxidation (Probable). Abolishes BNIP3-mediated apoptosis and mitochondrial damage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18371312" target="\_blank">18371312</a>).

### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion.

## Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-ACAA2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

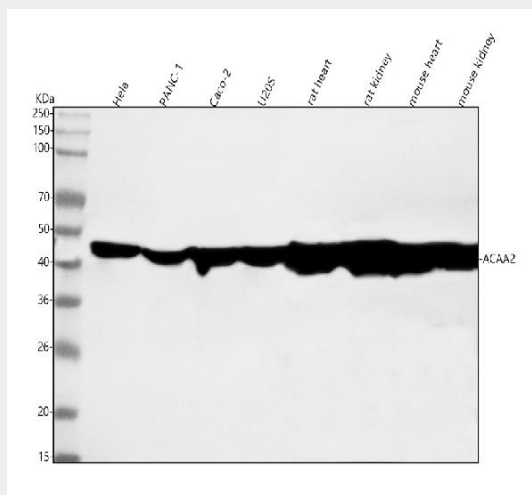


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human PANC-1 whole cell lysates,  
Lane 3: human CACO-2 whole cell lysates,  
Lane 4: human U2OS whole cell lysates,  
Lane 5: rat heart tissue lysates,  
Lane 6: rat kidney tissue lysates,  
Lane 7: mouse heart tissue lysates,  
Lane 8: mouse kidney tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-ACAA2 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M08341-1) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:1000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for ACAA2 at approximately 42 kDa. The expected band size for ACAA2 is at 42 kDa.

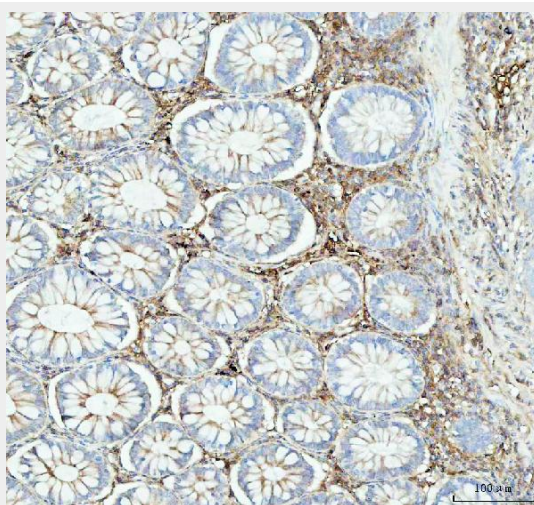


Figure 2. IHC analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

ACAA2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human colorectal adenocarcinoma tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit anti-ACAA2 Antibody (M08341-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.

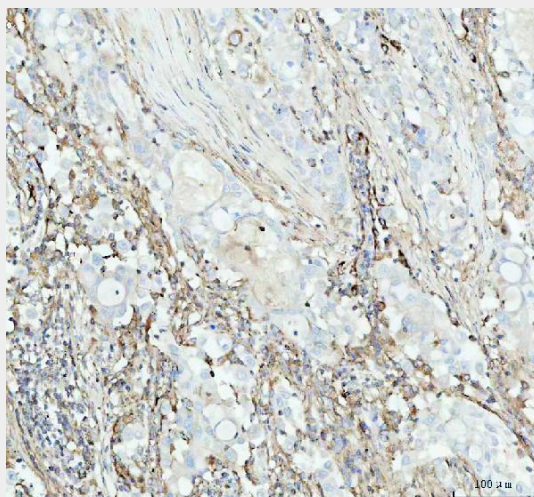


Figure 3. IHC analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

ACAA2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human colung cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit anti-ACAA2 Antibody (M08341-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.

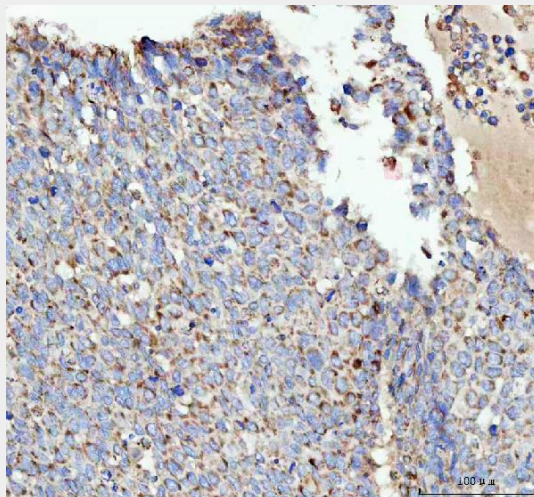


Figure 4. IHC analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

ACAA2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human liver cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit anti-ACAA2 Antibody (M08341-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.

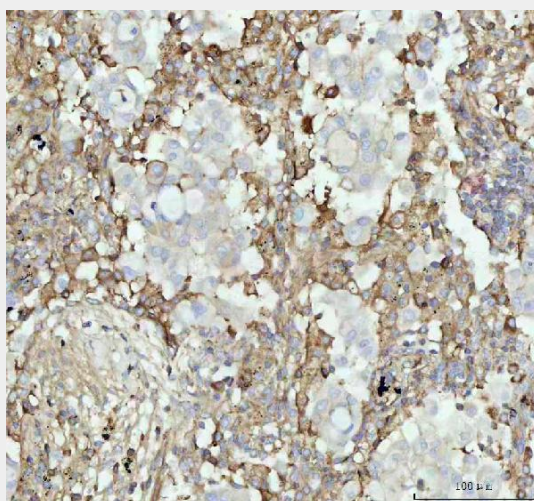


Figure 5. IHC analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

ACAA2 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human lung cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH 8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1:50 rabbit anti-ACAA2 Antibody (M08341-1) overnight at 4°C. Peroxidase Conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was



developed using HRP Conjugated Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (Catalog # SV0002) with DAB as the chromogen.

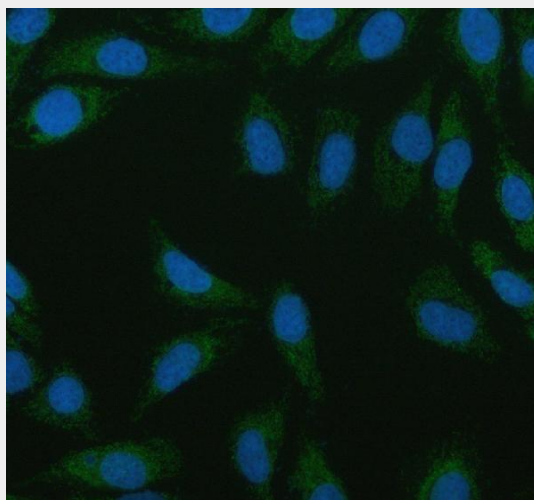


Figure 6. IF analysis of ACAA2 using anti-ACAA2 antibody (M08341-1).

ACAA2 was detected in an immunocytochemical section of Hela cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated at 1:50 rabbit anti-ACAA2 Antibody (M08341-1) overnight at 4°C. DyLight488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (BA1127) was used as secondary antibody at 1:500 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.